STRAWS TO SHOW HOW THE POLITI-CAL WIND BLOWS.

The Elections-Connecticut Carried by a Close Squeeze. HARTFORD, CONN., April 3.

Official returns show that Jewell is elected by a bare majority of thirty votes. . ST. LOUIS, April 2.

The Democrats to-day elected nine of the twelve aldermen. The city council will stand seventeen Democrats, four Republicans and two Independents.

DUBUQUE, IOWA, April 2. The charter election in this city, yesterday, resulted in the election of the entire Democratic ticket.

CINCINNATI, April 2. The whole Democratic ticket was elected yesterday by an average majority of 2000. The new council will stand twenty-six Democrats and twenty-two Pepublicans. The board of aldermen will stand fifteen Republicans and nine Democrats. The board of control is Democratic by a large majority.

WASHINGTON, April 3. Dispatches report Republican victories at Cleveland, O.; Madison, Wis., and St. Joseph,

POLITICS IN GOTHAM.

The Disgust Towards Grant Spreading -Important Action of Southern Republicans-The Workingmen go Back on Judge Davis.

NEW YORK, April 3.

The Sun, of this morning, has the following: "Several leading Republicans from the Southern States have been consulting together in this city during the past few days as to the question of national politics. Most of them were decided at the start to go to the Ciscinnati Convention. Some are original Southerners, others are among the strongest and best Northern men who have settled in the South since the war, and who have always acted on the advice of such men as Horace Greeley and Charles Sumner. These gentlemen met yes terday in the Fifth Avenue Hotel, and decided to consult Senator Sumner on the subject and be influenced by his advice. The dispatch of Sumner, when received, will probably be of great interest to Republicans all over the country, especially to those of the South. We hope to have it for publication to-morrow.

The Workingmen's Central Union Labor Reform committee elected George W. Gibbons president, and adopted resolutions repuditing the nomination of Judge Davis for Prestdent.

ILLINOIS WHEELING INTO LINE.

An Indignant Voice from Grant's Own State.

CHICAGO, April 3. A number of prominent Republicans of Iowa have issued a call for a mass meeting to appoint delegates to the Cincinnati Conven-

THE FEELING IN WASHINGTON.

Effect of the New York Liberal Manifesto-What the President Says of it-Important Accessions to the Liberal Movement.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun writes:

The manifesto issued in New York by Horace Greeley, Fred. Conkling, (brother of the senator.) Judge Henry R. Seiden, formerly of the Court of Appeals, Sigismund Kauffman, the last Republican candidate for Lieutenant. the last Republican candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, and Hon. Waldo Hutchins and others, endorsing the Liberal Convention at Cincinnati, has created a decided impression in political quarters here, where it is universally admitted to be a delegation of great character and ability, and one calculated to give important direction and strength to the Cincinnati movement.

Give important direction and strength to the Cincinnati movement.

The President, in conversation yesterday with an administration senator, stated that this new demonstration of Horace Greeley and company did not surprise him, as he had been advised several days ago of what was coming, nor did he believe it would result in much injury to the Republican party. Indeed, he thought that now these men had left the Republican regular organization, the party could see exactly where it stood and who it would have to fight; and, as for himself, he did not fear the result. The willingness of this manifesto to waive such features of party platform as tariff planks strikes favorably all the politicians who have been insisting that the Cincinnati Convention must not deal in "non-essentials."

Letters received here within a few days from Pennsylvania, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa and Wisconsin leave no doubt that large and respectable delegations of liberal Republicans will attend the Cincinnati convention from those States. Hon, J. B. Grinnell, for many years a Republican member of Congress from Iowa, will head the delegation from that State, and Hon. Leonard Swett and Hon. Jesse K. Dubois, of Illinois, who were among the late President Lincoln's earliest friends and supporters, will be among the delegates from that State. Virginia and North Carolina will have full delegates, and it is claimed that the colored element in the South will be fully represented. Many of these let-ters speak of an adherence to Republican principles, but an unalterable opposition to Grant.

THE NEXT COTTON CROP.

Will the Next Crop be a Short One !-Effect of the Presidential Campaign on Negro Labor-Important Consider

rations for the Commercial World.

The New Orleans correspondent of the New York World writes:

Business men in this great cotton mart are discussing a serious problem. What will be the effect of the Presidential campaign on the discussing a serious proofem. What will be the effect of the Presidential campaign on the next cotton crop? The question is one of equal importance at the North, for upon the great staple depends our ability to meet our commercial obligations to Europe and to regulate our business at home. It is beyond dount that General Grant will make extraordinary efforts to carry the Southern States. To this end every species of cajolery, every sensation dodge known to political wire-pullers, will be used to bring out and fasten the negro vote. There will be mass conventions, barbecues, torchlight processions, protracted meetings, and all that sort of thing, to tickle the African ear and eye. Labor will therefore be uncertain in its operations. The negro, after all, is but a child in intellect. He is easily drawn away by glitter and show. The excitement and dissipation of a political gathering, the flattery and fawning of white-men who want his vote, are peculiarly attractive to the fiattery and fawning of white men who want his vote, are peculiarly attractive to him. He is improvident. He has no disposition to work for more than a bare livelihood. When the barbecue comes in competition with the hoe, free liquor at the hustings with toll in the field, who doubts where our colored brother will be found? The hotiest part of the Presidential campaign will come in the picking season, when a day or an hour lost is so much lost to the cotton crop, and a loss that cannot be retrieved. Is it not possible, therefore, that next season may be a very short crop in consequence of the partial withdrawal of the negroes from labor, and may not the price for middlings once more range in the thirties? The matter is worthy of thought in the commercial world.

-Johnson's Cotton Mill at North Adams, Massachusetts, was burned yesterday—los one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

THE GREAT EARTHQUAKE.

Awful Destruction of Life and Property -California Shaking Night and Day-Vast Chasms Opening in the Earth-The Population of Lone Pine Burled-Volcanoes Bursting Forth in the Mountains.

Further accounts from the late California earthquake indicate that the convulsion was one of unprecedented severity. About thirty persons have been killed and wounded; several settlements are in ruine, the earth's surface has been permanently marred by fissures or sinkings, and, to crown all, symptoms of volcanic action are reported from several places. The locality in which this extraordinary disturbance occurred is in the middle of the southern part of the State, in the new counties of Kern and Inyo, formed from the counties of Mariposa and Tulare. The region most affected is divided by the Sierra Nevada, Kern River being on the west side of the range and Owen's on the east. The country is evidently of volcanic origin, being sprinkled with scoriæ, tufa and other traces of volcanic action. Although San Francisco is complacently represented as contemplating the catastrophe with unruffled serenity, it is to be hoped that some of its scientific men will feel sufficient interest in the phenomenon to go down and investigate it. The following are the latest accounts of the awful phenomenon: San Francisco, March 31.

Dispatches received from the volcanic dis trict in Inyo County, four hundred miles southeast from this city, give additional details of the earthquake disaster on Tuesday last. The shocks still continue, though with decreased violence. It is remarkable that only a slight shock on Tuesday was felt in Central and Northern California. Cerro Gordo was badly damaged, having several buildings thrown down and one man killed. Lone Pine appears down and one man killed. Lone Pine appears to have been directly over the centre of the disturbance, and among the killed there was Mr. Grey, aged forty-two, a native of Texas. The remainder were all Spanish-Americans. The first shock is described as resembling a park of artillery, fired directly beneath the town. Colonel Whipple, who was in the second story of an adobe house, states that he had just time to jump from bed and get to the doorway, when the house appeared to crumble to pleces beneath house appeared to crumble to pieces beneath him. He was burried among the ruins, but succeeded in extricating himself from the debris, having received several severe but not dangerous wounds. A terrible scene ensued when the first shock was over. Nearly the whole populace were buried beneath the rules. whole populace were oursed deneath the ruins. Cries for help and screams of pain from the wounded beneath the ruins filled the air, while those who escaped were calling for aid to rescue fathers, mothers, wives and children. The first shock was followed in quick succession by three others. Over three hun-dred distinct shocks were felt between half past two and sunrise; in fact, the earth was i past two and sunrise; in lact, the earth was in a constant tremble for over three hours. A chasm was opened extending thirty-five miles down—the valley, ranging from three inches to forly feet in width, rocks were also thrown from their places, and rolled down into the valley. At Swanzea, Colonel Tregallas, of the Smelting Works, was killed. Great desolation prevails among the inhabitants of Lone Pine. A dispatch to-day from Visalla, says several shocks were felt in that city last night, and are still coming from the southeast. There are rumors of a voicano in active operation having been seen from the summit of Greenhood Mountain, sixty miles south of Visalla. The Indians in that vicinity have all left, fearing the recurrence of the general convulsion of nature, which, according to their traditions, occurred in that region some hundreds of years ago, and created constant tremble for over three hours. me hundreds of years ago, and created gion some hundreds of years ago, and created what is known as Owen's River Valley, but which was, before that time, a chain of mountains. The section seriously affected by the earthquake was sparsely inhabited, and mainly people engaged in working the sliver-bearing lead mines.

LATER.—Additional advices from Inyo County place the number of killed by the earthquake on Tuesday at thirty, besides one hundred wounded. In the desert country, stretching from Owen's Lake to the Mexican line are innumerable craters not long ex-

line, are innumerable craters not long ex-tinct, besides several mud volcanoes, and it is supposed that some of these old volcanoes may be in eruption again. A gentleman from may be in eruption again. A gentleman from Independence asserts that smoke and ashes from a volcano were distinctly seen southward from that place, and word has been brought there that lava was seen flowing down the mountain, but the report is not authenti-cated. The shocks continued, decreasing in cated. The shocks continued, decreasing in force up to Thursday morning, when over one thousand had been counted. At Tibbett's ranche, fifteen miles above Independence, forty acres of ground sunk seven feet below the surface of the surrounding country. Big Owen's Lake has risen four feet since the first shocks. Owen's River ran over its banks, depositing shoals of fish on the shore; atterward it re-ceded. Through Lone Pine the earth cracked, one side remaining stationary while the other sunk seven or eight feet, leaving a wall of earth extending over three miles in length, where formerly was a level plain. In-numerable cracks were made throughout the

numerable cracks were made throughout the valley. Kern and Owen's Rivers turned and ran up stream for several minutes, leaving their beds dry, and finally returned with largely increased volume. There has been no parallel to this earthquake since the year 1812, when the Missions of San Juan Capistrano and La Purissima, in Southern California, were destroyed. Of course the earthquake is the matter of common conversation throughout California, but creates not the slightest apprehension outside of the district affected.

JOTTINGS ABOUT THE STATE.

—Mr. L. D. Avant, a resident of Britton's Neck, Marion County, was accidentally drowned in the Peedee River, near Pine Bluff, on the 16th ultimo. —The Columbia Gas Company are erecting new works for the manufacture of gas from coal instead of rosin as heretofure.

coal instead of rosin as heretofore.

—The following citizens of Newberry were arrested last Monday on charges of violating the Ku-Kiux act, in addition to those already reported: Sim Maione, Dr. Seclly, George Sims, Cloero Lovelace, Frank Lovelace, E:1 Wall, Frank Dodd, William Kinnard, Dr. Ed. A. Jones, Thomas B. Waddingham, John Mer-

THE WEATHER THIS DAY.

WASHINGTON, April 3. Clear weather with northerly winds will prevail very generally north and northwest of the Ohio Vailey, and over the Middle and New England States, with rising barometer, and probably extend southward over the interior of the Southern States. Cloudy weather that will probably continue over the rior of the Southern States. Cloudy weather with rain will probably continue over the South Atlantic and Guif States. Brisk northerly winds are probable for the lower lake region to-night. Dangerous winds are not analysis

Yesterday's Weather Reports of the Signal Service, U. S. A .- 4.47 P. M., Local Time.

Place of Observation.	Height of Baro- meter	Thermometer	Wind	Force of Wind	State of the Weather
Augusta, Ga	30.09	60	NE	Light.	Lt. Rain
Baltimore	30.04	57		Gentle.	Cloudy.
Boston	29.84		NW	Fresh.	Clear.
Charleston	30.09	63		Bentle.	Lt. Rain
Chicago	30.39		NE	High.	Fair.
Cincinnati	30.18		NE	Gentle.	Cloudy.
Galveston, Tex	29.81		SE	Gentle.	Cloudy.
Key West. F.a	30.0	82		Fresn.	Cloudy.
Knoxville, Tenn.	30 12		NE	Gentle.	Lt. Rain
Mempuls, Tenu.	30.08	54		Gentle.	Cloudy.
New Orleans	29.96	65		Fresh.	Cloudy.
	30.01		NW	Brisk.	Cloudy.
	30.00	67	W	Gentle.	Th'rtg.
	30.01		NW	Gentle.	
	29.89	42			Lt. Rain
	30.07	60		Gentle.	Lt.R.in
	30.12		NE	Fresh.	loudy.
Washington			·W		Lt. Rain
Wilmington, N.C.	30.12	63	₩	Fresh	Live seatu

Note.—The weather report dated 7.47 o'clock, this morning, will be posted in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce at 10 o'clock A. M., and, together with the weather chart, may (by the courtesy of the Chamber) be examined by shipmasters at any time during the day.

COLUMBIA NEWS AND GOSSIP.

What Hampton and Butler Think of their Slanderers-Blue Reports from the Crops-Panting for Parker-A Jubilee Extinguished - The Fickling Case-A Railroad Smash, &c.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE NEWS.]

COLUMBIA, Wednesday, April 3. The tilt in Congress yesterday, between Senators Blair and Edmunds, relative to the letter of Reverdy Johnson and the connection of the names of Generals Wade Hampton and M. C. Butler with the Ku-Klux organization. has been the subject of much comment here to-day. Generals Hampton and Butler view the matter with supreme indifference, so far as the aspersions of Edmunds are concerned Conscious of their innocence of any connec tion with the Ku-Klux or any similar organ! zation, they declare that they are quite content to abide the result of any just and legal investigation, or to await the viudication that Ime must bring.

Planters who are in the city representing many of the interior counties, report that all the crop operations are fully one month behind hand.

Treasurer Parker has not yet turned up Every day finds increasing numbers at his counter in eager quest of cash. Some of the city merchants are holding as much as nine thousand dollars in pay certificates. The rain to-night extinguished the negro

torchlight jubilee, which had been projected in bonor of the Radical victory in the city election. Fickling, who was arrested after the shoot-

ing, yesterday, has been released on trifling ball. It seems there were two sides to the story. A railroad smash occurred on the Charlotte,

Columbia and Augusta Railroad yesterday between here and Augusta. Nobody wa hurt, but two cars were completely wrecked.

THE LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA.

Annual Report for 1871. The annual report of the president and other officers of this institution was placed in our hands some days since, but we have not

heretofore noticed it, being unable to give it The report covers over twenty pages of nearly printed octavo pamphlet, and gives a concise view of the present financial condition of the association, its business during the past year and prospects for the future.

President Britton reports to the members of the association the formation and successful operation of twenty-seven departments of the company, occupying a territory almost co-extensive with the whole Union. Each of these departments is managed by a board of directors of thirteen members elected by the trustees each year, the whole forming a perfect machine, the motive power being at the head office in St. Louis. The departments, in addition to their local government, participate also in the government of the association as a whole, each president of a department board of directors being also a member of the gene-ral board of directors of the company. The institution works with an extraordinary harmony, as the powers and dules of its managing heads, as well as the rights and privileges of its members, are all clearly defined in its comprehensive charter.

The energetic, aggressive spirit of the association is evidenced by the fact, est forth in the paper before us, that seven new departs have been organized during the pas ments have been organized until the past year, and that seven more are in process of formation. Among these latter especial mention is made of New York, which Mr. Britton states will be organized within a short period. This has, since writing the report, become an accomplished fact, as our readers have already learned from the telegraphic re-

ports in our columns.

In remarking on the proud success of the association in New York—the cradle as well as the stronghold of its powerful competitors—the report says: "This is a great triumph, and it proves conclusively that the principles upon which the association is based do not call for the patronage of merely a single State or sec-tion of the country; they are universal in their application, and must be recognized by the hole nation." The experience of the company shows the justice of the remarks, for we find representative boards of trustees (num bering in the aggregate over three thousand members) in all the principal cities, viz: New York, St. Louis, Baltimore, Pittsburg, Cincin-nati, Louisville, Mobile, New Orleans, Memphis, Indianapolis, Detroit, Chicago, San Francisco, and several other important points. The report goes on to show the progress of the association during the past year. In this

the association during the past year. In this connection the following figures will prove interesting to our readers as well as gratifying to the members of the association:

The amount of insurance in force at the

close of 1871 was \$52,847,446, showing an increase for the year of \$7,191,706.

The assets were \$3,613,153 50, showing an increase in this item of over a million of dollars from the business of 1871.

The income during the year was \$2,276,

The cash paid to beneficiaries of deceased policy holders was \$390,174 68, and the divi-dends returned to policy-holders amounted to

\$289.767 46.

The president of the association takes cognizance of a somewhat demoralized condition of the insurance business for which he accounts by the general scarcity of money and the dishonorable course adopted by many companies who circulate defamatory articles reflecting on their compatitors. This restricts companies who directed etailately actions reflecting on their competitors. This part of his subject he sums up with the following caustic remarks: "As the business becomes more difficult to obtain, this 'intense strife' grows fleroer, and charges of misuanagement are hurled unsparingly by the companies and their agents at each other. It is a matter of surprise that men who are entrusted with the management of insurance companies cannot see that this disreputable course must eventually demoralize the business generally, and

necessarily recoil on themselves."

This is some common sense, and we fear that the reflection on the shallow judgments that the reflection on the shallow judgments of men who think they are increasing the popularity of their own companies by heaping odium on other institutions, proves that many of our insurance companies have men to guide their destinies who fail to see their duties.

This association has been made a special target for the envenomed shafts of the envirous and malicious in the husiness. ous and malicious in the business, but it has bravely withstood all attacks, and now sur-veys its assailants from the proudest position veys its assaiants from the proudest position ever attained in the same time by any corporation of its class in the world. As a result of one of these mailgnant attacks, the report of his investigation into the condition and affairs of the company by the Hon. Wyllys King, superintendent of the insurance department of Missouri, is given by President Britton to the policy-holders and the public.

The investigation by Mr. King, as set forth

ton to the policy-holders and the public.
The investigation by Mr. King, as set forth
in the report before us, may be summed up by
saying it was searching and exhaustive, and its
result is eminently satisfactory.
On the whole, this report of the Life Associa-

tion of America for 1871 is characterized by the same open, fearless exhibition of its affairs which have characterized its management from the beginning, and which in a great measure accounts for its success. It gives results never parallelled by any similar institution in the world. It has overtaken in his race for buisiness its oldest competitors, and is now, be-yond doubt, one of the foremost life insurance companies in the West .- St. Louis Republican

IF ANY ONE knows your firm to be the best in your particular line everybody becomes your good and willing reference, and everbody's friend, who had thought of going to some rival house because he knews not of you, will, on speaking of his determination, have your name pronounced to him with commeda-tion. In fact, the man who is thoroughly advertised must continue to thoroughly adver-tise; but having once made his name a house-hold word he receives much gratuitous adver-tising from the great public, always desirous of helping those who have plainly shown that they need no help. THE OLD WORLD'S NEWS.

GRAND DRESS REHEARSAL OF THE BATTLE OF DORKING.

Things in France and Spain.

LONDON, April 2. The grand military review took place a Brighton yesterday. Immense crowds witnessed the manœuvres, which were conducted on a large scale and were rendered more than usually interesting by a rehearsal of the battle of Dorking. The troops in the field, including some twenty thousand volunteers, were divided into two armies, one of invasion and one of defence. The enemy was supposed to have effected a movement in Sharcham harbor. The movement commenced by an attack on the village and its capture, after a strong resistance. The army of defence, being largely reinforced, took the offensive, under General Horsford, and attacked the invaders with success, although the latter density the property of the strength Horsford's right centre and the invaders with success, atthough the latter drove through Horsford's right centre and created great confusion for awhile. The firing ceased at one o'clock, both sides having been impartially beaten. The mock fight was succeeded by the march past, which was not satisfactory. The review, on the whole, is considered a failure. The weather was fine, although there were occasional showers. lthough there were occasional showers. PARIS, April 2.

The trial of the libel case of General Trochuvs. the Figaro has ended. The editors, Villemessaut and Vitrio, were acquitted of the principal charge of libel, but were found guilty of insuiting a functionary of the government, and were sentenced to one month's imprisonment and a fine of 3000 irancs. In the course of his address yesterday, President, Thiers defended the attitude of

President Thiers generated the attracted of France toward the Spanish crown. He declared that it was the interest of France to keep Amadeus on the throne, because his overthrow would lead to a renewal of the canverthrow would lead to didature of Montpensier.

MADRID, April 3.

Madrid, April 3.

The Ministerialists triumphed in yesterday's election by a vote of two to one. It was orderly, except in Cordova. Madrid was carried by the Coalitionists, and it is supposed the Ministerialists party will have two hundred and seventy majorily on joint ballot.

The municipal authorities of the towns in
the province of Badsjos, together with the
authorities of a number of towns in the other

provinces, have entered into a coalition, which has for its object certain measures, which it is hoped will lead to the restitution of Gibraltar

WHAT CONGRESS IS DOING.

WASHINGTON, April 3.

In the Senate the bill breaking up straw bids for carrying the mails was called up and ordered to be printed. The subscription of a half million dollars to the Pledmont and Washington Railroad by the District of Columbia was discussed at great length. Stewart, from was discussed at great length. Stewart, from the committee on the Pacific Railroad, re-ported adversely en the bill incorporating branches on the Tex's Pacific Railroad under the name of the North Carolina Extension Railroad Company, and, on his motion, it was indefinitely postponed. The House discussed the steamboat bill with no action.

DISASTERS AT SEA.

NEW YORK, April 3. The Spanish bark Paqueta was abandoned at sea. The schooner C. C. Brooks, thirty days out from Jacksonville, for New York, lost the mate overboard, sails and boat all gone, and the crew out of provisions and gone, and the crew out of provisions and water. A new crew was put on board, with instructions to work the vessel for Bermuda.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

—Four New York City regiments and a large number of officers will assist at Major-Genera Robt. Anderson's obsequies.

Dispatches from Admiral Winslow, commanding the United States Asiatic Squadron, report that he recently had a pleasant interview with King Kamchamcha, at Honolulu. -The colored citizens of New York and vicinity celebrated the anniversary of the doption of the fifteenth amendment vesterday. About fitteen hundred men were in the

LANDLORD AND TENANT .- A New Haven M. discovered a successful way of silence ing the clamors of his landlord. When that grasping personage calls for the payment of rent the doctor quietly shows him a skeleton in an inner room, and tells him "that man came here just two weeks ago with a bill." This is egarded as equivalent to a settlement in full.

ACTS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

Published by Authority.

AN ACT to Supply the Deficiency in the Appropriation for the Support and Maintenance of Free Common Schools for the fiscal year ending October 31, 1871.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General Assembly, and by the authority of the

That the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars (\$75,000) be, and the same is hereby, appropriated to supply the deficiency in the appropriation for the support and maintenance ending October 31, 1871.

SEC. 2. That each of the several countles of the State shall be entitled to receive from said deficiency appropriation such a sum of money as is equal to the exact deficiency existing in the free school funds of said county, for the along this wall are attractively displayed a fiscal year ending October 31, 1871, and no

SEC. 3. That the State superintendent of education, upon his receipt of an official statement, signed by the county school commission er and county treasurer of any county, and showing the deficiency existing in the free school funds of said county, for the fiscal year ending October 31,1871, shall, if he approve said statement, issue an order in favor of the county treasurer of the county aforesaid, payable from the appropriation made by Section 1 of this act, for a sum of money equal to the de-ficiency shown by the aforesaid statement.

SEC. 4. That no part of the appropriation created by Section 1 of this act shall be disoursed by the State treasurer, except upon order of the State superintendent of education. nor shall the said appropriation, or any part thereof, be applied, appropriated or used for any other purpose than is specified by the terms of this act.

SEC. 5. That this act shall be deemed a pub ic act, and shall take effect immediately. Approved March 13, 1872.

AN ACT to permit James McCullough to Adopt. Change the Name of, and make his Lawful Heir, Joseph Allen Stepp. SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, now met and sitting in General As-

sembly, and by the authority of the same: That James McCullough, of Greenville County, is hereby authorized and empowered to adopt, and make his lawful heir, Joseph Allen Stepp, and that the name of the said Joseph Allen Stepp shall be changed to Joseph Allen McCullough.

SEC. 2. That should the same James McCullough die intestate, the said Joseph Allen Mc-Cullough shall inherit, in common with the other lawful heirs of the said James McCullough, his estates, both personal and real. Approved March 9, 1872.

A MODEL DRUG HOUSE.

Glimpse at the Interior of Messrs. Dowle, Moise & Davis's Chemical Laboratory and Wholesale Warehouse-A Noble Monument to Commercial Energy.

The tendency of modern systems of trade in Charleston, as in all other large commercial centres, is toward the development in each city of one or more gigantic establishments in each branch of business which distance all competitors, and are enabled by their superior resources to regulate the market in their line of trade, or any specialty thereof, by buying largely, if need be, and at opportune times, giving their customers the benefit of their feresight and resources in lower prices and more complete assortments than can be offered by rival establishments of more limited capacity; while, at the same time, the small margins on their immense transactions assure a satisfactory income to the enterprising proprietors, and tend to establish their business year by year upon a broader and more solid basis. Such an outgrowth of the genius of modern commerce is the

MAMMOTH WHOLESALE DRUG HOUSE of Messrs. Dowie, Moise & Davis, occupying the whole of the large building on the southeast corner of Meeting and Hasel streets. A visit to the interior of this fine establishmen is both interesting and instructive. It is a busy, handsome cheerful temple of trade, a storehouse to which every quarter of the globe and every realm of nature sends its enforced contribution, a magazine of wonders filled up with tiers and tons of curious preparations, from the bitter drugs potentially prepared to offer battle with disease and death and rout them from their strongholds at the bedside of the invalid, to the delicate perfumes and bijouterie destined to grace the abodes of beauty and play their useful parts in sacred mysteries of bewitching toilets. The first floor is the salesroom, where is to be found an assortment of everything known to the drug trade, and remedies for all the ills that flesh is heir to. Along the southern wall the spacious shelves are crowded with every description of patent medicines in unbroken packages, including, of course, the preparations of which this firm are the sole proprietors and which comprise' the famous Sumter Bitters, Moise's Liver Pills, Moise's Horse, Hog and Cattle Powders, Molse's Fever and Ague Pills, Moise's Popular White Worm Candy, and Moise's Morning Star Yeast or Baking Powders. On the opposite side of the store a row of handsome showcases contain the various pharmaceutical preparations for which this house has the exclusive agency, and these are terminated by THE SAMPLE COUNTER,

which is a prominent and convenient feature of this room. This is a long counter furnished with drawers and shelves, in and upon which are arranged samples of every commodity sold in the establishment. This is an obvious convenience, as by its means the customer can be quietly seated at the counter with his memoranda of wants, the lists of prices, &c , spread before him, and select from this ample ssortment a stock of goods sufficient, if need be, to supply the largest drug store in the country. Near this is a large upright showcase filled with Ritter's trusses and bandages of excellent make and of every requisite shape, fitted for the correction or relief of every possible deformity or malformation. Next comes another showcase, which is itself an ingenious and admirable invention. It includes a patent spring intended to prevent the falling and breaking of the mirrored doors which is so frequent and expensive in the

common showcase. These showcases are made by Messrs. Hoffman & Fersch, and are furnished by this house in any size and shape. The case now under consideration contains a large assortment of Tiemann's medical and surgical instruments, including electric batteries, physician's pocket cases, ear trumpets, hyperdermic syringes, lancets, &c., all of the most ingenious description and of beautiful material and finish. On the shelves in rear of these showcases are arranged a variety of standard medicines in convenient preparations for use by druggists and physicians. These include fluid and solid extracts of every drug known to the medical profession, and an immense variety of sugar-coated pills, prepared according to approved prescriptions by Messrs. Haince Brothers & White, warranted soluble, reliable and permanent. Here are also a large assortment of elixirs, those agreeable substitutes devised by

THE INGENUITY OF SCIENCE, to take the place of the nauseating drugs and powders with which the physicians of former days were provided. These are put up by Messrs. John Wyeth & Bro., of Philadelphia, of free common schools for the fiscal year and are of the standard strength and purity. One tier of shelves is devoted to Messrs. B. Keith & Co.'s concentrated tinctures and powders, in which the full strength of the essential principle of the drug is preserved while its bulk is infinitely reduced. On other shelves choice assortment of perfumes, pomades and extracts, prepared by Van Zandt & Pollock, Philadelphia, and other well known Northern houses, or imported direct from France and Germany. The walls of the store are thickly hung with the elaborate and artistic show cards published by this house, and which are now familiar to the public. In common with other manufacturing establishments in this line, Messrs. Dowle, Moise & Davis find it to their interest to issue beautiful show cards, and some of their pictures and trade-marks are particularly striking. The trade-mark adopted for the Sumter Bitters is a fine view of Fort Sumter, with the Confederate colors flying from the flagstaff. For Moise's fever and ague pills, the firm issues a handsome painting on glass, which is a sort of allegory, and represents a hideous crocodile—fit type of malarial disease-defeated and crushed down to the unwholesome depths of his native swamp by the weight of a gigantic pill pressing down upon his back. The next floor is devoted to

THE MANUFACTURING DEPARTMENT. and to the supply of drugs in open packages from which to make up wholesale orders. On this floor are manufactured all the long list of preparations of which this firm are the sole proprietors. Of these the most important is the Sumter Bitters, which is made in six barrels from the various aromatic and bitter herbs, and other ingredients of which it is composed, and then pumped up into a barrel supported overhead which forms the main reservoir of the manufactured article. From this barrel it is drawn off into bottles by a simple and ingenious device. A large table near the reservoir is covered with about an hundred bottles, standing upright and uncorked, and from the reservoir depends a long rubber tube with a slender nozzle and stop-cock, which the workman passes from one bottle to another, holding it perhaps for six or seven seconds over each, and filling the

whole lot with great rapidity. These bottles are then labelled and wrapped up, while another lot of bottles on a second table are being filled, and by this ingenious process two workmen are enabled to fill and prepare for market about ten gross of bottles per day. A similar degree of ingenuity is displayed in a dozen other labor-saving contrivances in this department, and indeed the whole establishment is systematically and admirably arranged, and its internal mechanism is like clock-work. Above this floor is another one devoted exclusively to the large stock of empty glassware which is kept for use and for sale. Here are bottles of all possible shapes and sizes, from the minute receptacles which the homoeopathists use for their microscopic preparations up to the five-gallon lars and demijohns, together with measuring glasses, funnels and all the other mysterious shapes of glassware with which the shop of the apothecary or the laboratory of the chemist are supplied. Above this again, the fourth and las floor of the establishment, is stored with the endless variety of wooden and paper boxes, of all styles and sizes, used in putting up the medicines manufactured by the house, or in packing goods for transportation.

This concludes our hasty glance at this most complete establishment. It only remains to be said that

THE TRADE OF THIS HOUSE is immense, and affords a gratifying indication of the business importance of our city. The establishment is one of the largest of its kind south of New York, and has very extensive business connections in both the Carolinas, Georgia, Florida, Alabama and Tennessee. The members of the firm have all had long and practical acquaintance with the drug business, and are recognized by every member of the mercantile community as gentlemen of integrity, shrewdness and ability. The eminent success to which they have attained has been but the natural and inevitable result of their indomitable perseverance and energy, their inflexible integrity, their judicious and liberal use of advertising, and every other effective means of making their business known, and their steady determination to place their establishment at the head of its class in this section of the country. Their prosperity has been of their own making, and richly deserved, and that it may long continue is the hearty wish o their hosts of business friends.

Anction Sales -- Inture Days.

By MILES DRAKE. BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS.

DOOTS, SHOES AND HATS.

On FRIDAY, the sth instant, I will hold my,
first Spring Sale of BOOTS, Shoes and Hats, at
my Store, corner Eing and Liberty streets, commencing at 10 o'clock,
Sale consisting in part of Men's Calf and Buff
BOOTS, Balmorals, Congress and Prince Alberts,
Men's Serge Congress, Oxford Ties, English Ties,
Serge Oxfords, Carpet and Leather Slippers,
Ladies' Calf and Buff Balmorals and Folish—3 to
7 and 6 to 9, Ladies' Serge, Polish and Gatters,
Kid and Cloth Slippers, Misses' and Children's
Shoes of all kinds.

ALBO,

Shoes of all kinds.

75 cases of Men's and Boys' Wool, Felt and Hair HATS of all styles and colors.

Terms—All sums under \$100 cash; over \$100 and under \$100 thirty days, over \$200 and under \$300 sixty days, over \$400 and under \$500 three months; endorsed notes, interest added. apr4

By W. Y. LEITCH & R. S. BRUNS,

FINE BRICK RESIDENCE ON EAST Will be sold on TUESDAY, the 9th instant, at 11 Will be sold on TUESDAY, the 9th instant, at 11 o'clock, at the Old Postoffice,
That three-story BR:OK RESIDENCE, with double plazzas, kitchen and stable, situated on the west side of East Bay, three doors north of Wentworth street, containing six square rooms, besides pantry and dressing rooms. Lot measures 50 feet front by 147 feet in depih.
Terms—One-third ca-h; balance in one and two years, with interest, secured by bond and mortage; property to be insured and policy a-signed. Purchaser to pay us for papers and stamps and three-fourths of city taxes for 1872.

apr4-thsmtu4

apr4-thsmtu4

W. Y. LEITCH & R. S. BRUNS. Auctioneers.

FINE BUILDING LOT EAST SIDE OF SAVAGE STREET. Will be sold on TUESDAY, 9th instant, at the

Will be sold on TUESDAY, 9th instant, at the Old Postoffies, at 11 o'clock.

That Fine BUILDING LOT east side of Savage street, known as No.—. Lot measures 76 feet by 90 in depth.

Torms—One-third cash; balance in one and two years, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage. Purchaser to pay for papers and stamps.

apr4-thstu3

MACQUEEN & RIECKE WILL SELL ON FRIDAY NEXT, THE

The ENTIRE STOCK of a well-kept Grocery Store, at the northeast corner of King street and Smith's Lane, an excellent stand for country and city trade. Terms cash.

MACQUEEN & RIECKE WILL SELL ON WEDNESDAY, THE
10th day of April, at 10 o'clock, (if not
previously sold at private sale,)
The ENTIRE STOCK of a well-kept Family Grocery Store, at the northeast corner of State street
and Unity Alley; and after the sale of the Stock
in Store, the entire Household and Kitchen Furniure. Sold on account of family removing from the

Dry Goods, &r.

Terms cash.

LOUIS COHEN & CO., No. 248 KING STREET.

Beg leave respectfully to announce that they

are now in receipt of a complete Stock of

SPRING DRESS GOODS. COMPRISING IN PART ALL COLORS AND SHADES,

JAPANESE SILKS, MOHAIRS, VELOURS, POPLINS, BAREGES, DELAINS.

HERNANI GRENADINES. AND A FULL LINE OF THE BEST

LLAMA LACE POINTS. All of which are offered at the most

REASONABLE PRICES

PARTICULAR ATTENTION IS DRAWN TO OUR FULL LINES OF

KID GLOVES AND

SASH RIBBONS. WHICH HAVE BEEN MUCH REDUCED IN

A call is respectfully solicited.

LOUIS COHEN & CO., NO. 248 KING STREET.

CARD.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN A CARD,—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretof re exist g between the subscriber and Mr. JOHN RYAN, in the management of the Alken Hotel, under the firm of LOUNSBERRY & RYAN, has been dissolved, and that hereafter the business will be conducted exclusively by GEORGE H. LOUNS-BERRY, who alone is authorized to settle up the afairs of the late firm of LOUNSEERRY & RYAN. mchl2-tu4 GEORGE H. LOUN BERRY.

EIGHT DOLLARS A YEAR Anction Sales -- This Day.

By T. M. CATER.

POSITIVE SALE.
Will be sold THIS DAY, at No. 22 Vendue
Range, at 9 o'clock,
21 hhds. MOLASSES.
Conditions cash.
apra

By JOHN G. MILNOR & CO. By JOHN G. MILNOR & CO.

PRY GOODS, LADIES' HATS, RIBdries. THIS DAY. 4th instant, at half near 16
o'clock, we will sell at our Store, No. 435 Meeting
street, Cases White CANTON, DEW DROPS, Canton Primrose and White and Brown School Hate
and Shades, Men's and Boys' Black, Feit' and
wool Hate, Trimming, Ribbons, Faucy, Prints,
Liuen Drills and Costings, Fancy Cottonades,
White Piques, Bleached and Brown Shirting, with
a general assortment of seasonable Dry Goods.
Also, on account of all concerned, Lot Mirrors,
Bean Oil, Toy Sets, Lead Pencils, Suspender,
Dotted Swiss Muslin, Callco Gowns, Printed
Aprons, Allendale and Marseilles Quilts, Muslin
Handkerchiefs, Nainsook Muslin, 20 dozen assort
ed Hoop Skirts, 9 pieces, Colored Muslins, 4 Goodftions cash.

By W. Y. LEITCH & R. S. BRUNS. CUNITURE AT THE CALDER HOUSE. Will be sold THIS DAY, the 4th instaut, at 10 o'clock, in the lower story of the Calder House, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting in part of Bedsteads, Bureaus, Chairs, Tables, Soias, Sideboards, &c., &c.

By WILLIAM MCKAY. MALOTED TURE, Contents of Barber Shop and Mocking Birds.
THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, at No. 45 Wentworth street, will be sold.

An assortment of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE; also contents of Barber Shop, consisting of Mir-rors, Chairs, Screens, &c., and two fine Mooking Street TO-MORROW, (Friday,) at 10 o'clock, Sheris's Sale of DRY GUODS, &c.

TALUABLE BUILDING LOTS. V I will sell on THIS DAY, April 4, at corner Fast Bay and Broad street, at 11 o'clock, All that LOT OF LAND corner Charlotte and Washington streets, 40 feet front and 116 feet deep, more or less.

By H. H. DeLEON.

All that LOT OF LAND in Charlotte street, next west of Washington street, 40 feet front and 115 eet deep, more or less.

All that LOT OF LAND in Charlotte street, fourth from the corner of Washington street, for the free through the corner of Washington street, 40 feet front and 115 feet deep, more or less, in Also, About 15,000 BRIOKS on Lots.

Conditions for Lots—Half cash; balance in one year, by bond and mortgage, with seven per continuerest. Purchasers to pay for papers and stamps. For Bricks—Cash.

By H. H. DeLEON. Th .50416

By H. H. DeLEON.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

THIS MORNING, the 4th instant, near the Postomice, at 11 o'clook, will be sold.

The following valuable REAL ESTATE, by order of the Executors:

All that LOT OF LAND, with two and a half story framed building thereon, situated southwest corner King and Warren streets, known as No. 498, measuring 25 feet on King street, \$8 feet in depth on Warren streets.

Also, all that LOT OF LAND, with two story framed building thereon, situated on King street, next south of the above and known as No. 491, measuring 25 feet on King street and in depth so feet.

Also, all that LOT OF LAND, with four Tenements, one and a half story each, thereon, situated ments, one and a half story each, thereon, situated was all Market and the state of the

ments, one and a half story each, thereon, situa-ted south side Warren street; adjoining the first described property to the west, and measuring 28 feet on Warren street and in depth 50 feet. Also, all that LOT OF LAND, with frame building thereon, and known as No. 8 Pitt street, and measuring 40 feet on Pitt street and rudning

Also, all that LOT OF LAND, with frame Building thereon, known as No. 10, adjoining the above, measuring on Pitt street 40 feet and in depth 192% feet, more or less.

Also, dil that LOT OF LAND, Kirkland's court, with frame Buildings thereon, known as No. 11, measuring 40 feet front, and in depth 102% feet, also, all that LOT OF LAND, adjoining the above, with frame Buildings thereon, known as No. 9, and measuring 40 feet front, and in depth 102% feet.

Also, all that LOT OF LAND, with two-story framed Dwelling thereon, known as No. 96, situate

Also, all that LOT OF LAND, with two-story framed Dwelling thereon, known as No. 96, situate on the north side and at the west end of Beaufain street, measuring — feet on Beaufain street, and in depth — feet, more or less Also, all that LOT OF LAND, with two-story framed Dwelling thereon, known as No. 98, adjoining the above to the west end, measuring feet on Beaufain street, and in depth — feet more or less.

nore or less.
Also, all that LOT OF LAND, with two and a half story Brick Store and Dwelling thereon, known as No. 400 King street, east side, third door south of Burns lane, and measuring 31 feet, on Klzg street, and 158 feet, more or less, in

depth.
Also, all that Lot of Land at the west end and on south side of Beaufain street, bounded as follows: East by lands estate Henry Clark, south by Cumming's Creek, west by Gadsden street, and north by Beaufain street, measuring 285 feet more or loss of Reanfain street. or less on Beaufain street.

Also, all that Lot or Parcel of Land on Ashley River, west of the above, measuring 255 feet from more or less on Beaufain street, and bounded as follows: East by Gadsden street, west by Barre street, south by Cumming's Creek, and north by Beaufain street.

deanfain street.

Also, all that Water Lot adjoining the above to the west, and measuring 640 feet on east to west lines, and 320 feet on north to south lin-s, bounded as follows: East by Barre street, south by Cum-ming's Creek, west by channel of Ashley River. ming's Creek, west by channel of Ashley River, and north by lands of estate of N. Nathans, now occupied by the Steinmeyer's Steam Mills.

Terms—One third cash: balance in one and two years, secured by mortgage; property to be in-sured and policy assigned. Purchaser to pay for papers and taxes.

By H. H. DeLEON. CALE OF HYPOTHECATED STOCK Savannah and Charleston Railroad Company.
THIS DAY, the 4th instant, near the Postomce, at 12 o'clock, will be sold,
The following CERIFICATES OF STOCK of the
Savannah and Charleston Railroad Company,
now under hypothecation:

Shares. | Certificate.

Certificates.

Shares.

Jertificate. Shares
No. 187 10
No. 205. 5
No. 218. 5
No. 218. 5
No. 221. 5
No. 243. 3
No. 340. 10
No. 97 230
No. 98. 20
No. 43. 5
No. 299. 104
No. 428. 10
No. 100. 35
No. 165. 5
No. 165. 5
No. 165. 5
No. 176. 5
No. 176. 2 No. 75...... 10 No. 352...... 5 No. 85...... 100 No. 134..... 140..... No. 137..... No. 142.... No. 143.... No. 144..... No. 145...... No. 146..... No. 147..... No. 148.....

Terms cash. Purchasers of the above Shares will assume and be required to pay at once the assessment of twenty-one dollars (\$21) per Share, which will be returned to them in the Light per Cent. Bonds of the Company, at 70 cents to the

The Treasurer of the Company will be found at the office of Messr. CAMPBELL & SEABROOK. No. 50 Broad street, immediately after the sale, to receive payment and deliver the Stock and Anctioneers' Private Sales, &c.

By ALONZO J. WHITE & SON. By ALONZO J. WHITE & SON.

A T PRIVATE SALE—ONE OF THE Most desirable RESIDENCES on South Bay.

Will oe so dat private sale, one of the most desirable RESIDENCES in the city, situate on South Bay street, known as No. 40. House contains six square rooms, pantry, dressing-room, &c., double piazza to the west, gas throughout, clatern, all requisite outbuildings. These premises have just been put in thorough repair, painted and papered from cellar to roof. Lot measures as feet front on South Bay, by 147 feet deep. For particulars, apply as above, at No. 88 East Bay street.

Sewing Machines. THE UNEQUALLED MACHINE.

The HOME SHUTTLE uses the Straight Needle, makes the lock stitch, (alike on both sides,) has self-adjusting tension, and is the only first class low price Sewing Machine in the market adapted for every variety of Sewing from muslins to heaviest cloths. Price \$25 and \$37.

Agents wanted. Send stamp for circular and sample of Sewing.

T. L. BISSELL,

General Agent,

jan11-fmw6mo

Charleston, S. C.

RSTATE OF B. M. SCHIPMAN.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will apply, on the 22d of April next, to the Hon. GEO. BUIST, Judge of Probate for Charleston County, for a final discharge and letters dismissory as Administrator of said estate.

M. N. JONES, Mch22-fmwlmo*

Model 12 - March 12 - March